

ENG.PHYS. MAYIA MATEEVA, PhD

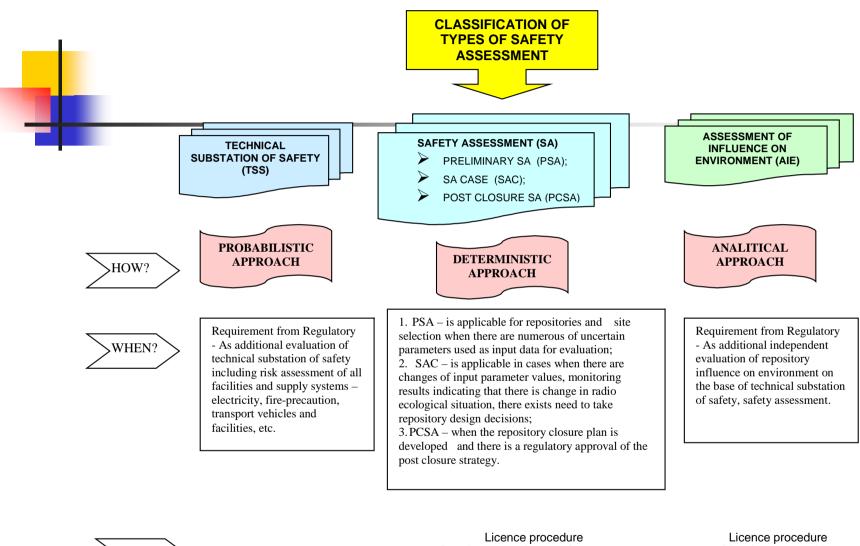
INSINUME 2004, ALBENA, 27-30 SEPTEMBER, 2004

### CONTENT



■WHAT IS SAFETY ASSESSMENT OF NEAR SURFACE REPOSITORIES FOR RADIOACTIVE WASTE?

- •CLASSIFICATION OF DIFFERENT TYPES SAFETY ASSESSMENT IN BULGARIA;
- APPROACHES USED FOR SAFETY ASSESSMENTS
- EXAMPLES FROM SAFETY ASSESSMENTS GENERATED IN BULGARIA.



WHY?

Licence procedure

Regulatory requirement for:

- Site selection procedure:
- Repository exploitation;
- Repository closure

Must be approved by Ministry of Environment and Waters

# APPROACH APPLIED FOR TECHNICAL SUBSTATION OF REPOSITORY SAFETY

Stage 1- Criteria selection

Stage 2 - Information collection

Stage 3 - Safety analysis conduction

Stage 4 - Safety assessment documentation

Stage 5 - Draw up the requirements

#### Stage 1 Review of: •changes in the facility's functions, Review of: operational practice, •National regulative reconstruction since 1994 framework, •IAEA requirements, **Defining of interfaces:** •Like part of RAW **Management system**; •As stage from life cycle of the repository **Results:** Set of criteria for safety level assessment

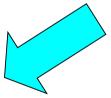
## Stage 2



Environmental scanning

Facility description

Hazardous inventories description



#### **Results:**

Actual conditional parameters of the facility, necessary for safety analysis

Management and organization description

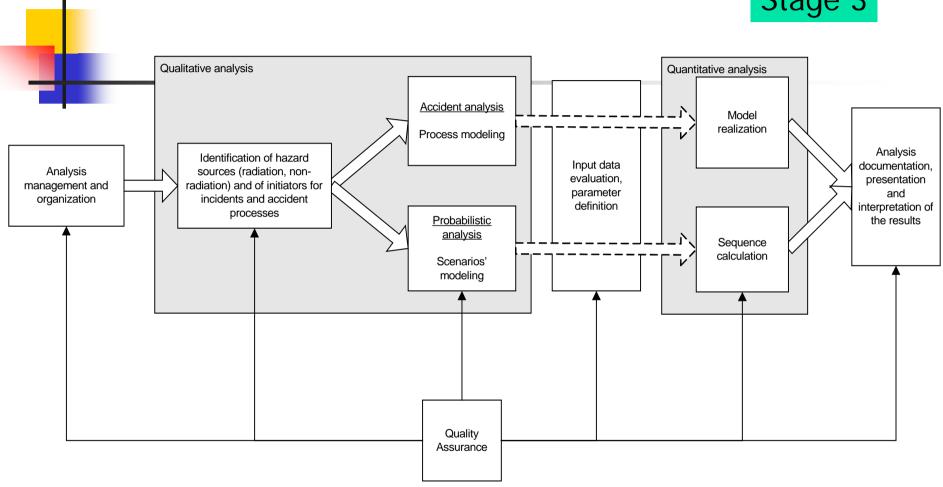
Operational and maintenance practice description

Personal qualification

Radiation protection description

Quality assurance system description

# Stage 3







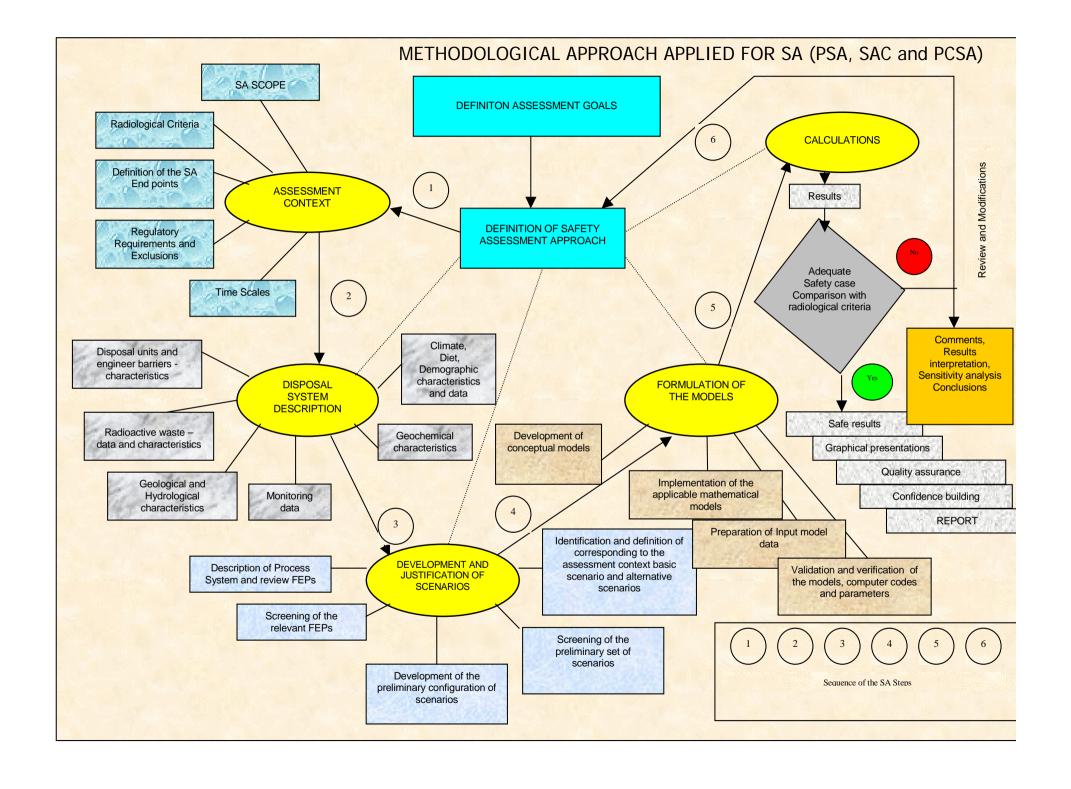
## **TSS**

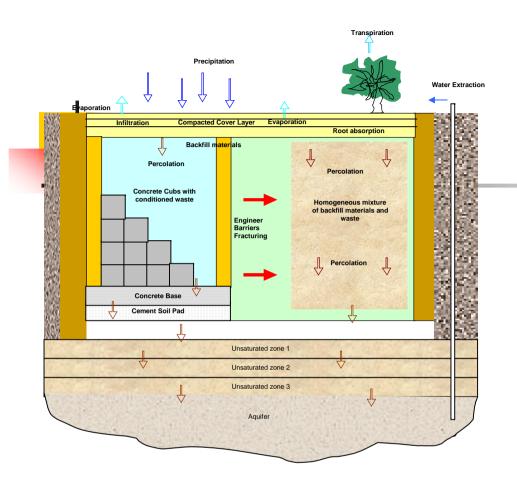
Repository is operated until 2025

Operational safety for disposal of waste in existing disposal facilities only for disposed RW

- Spilling of waste package during unloading and disposition into disposal vaults – annual risk 7.58.10-9
- Spilling of waste package as result of transport accident on the site annual risk 2.90.10-9
- Fire scenario on the site due to transport accident or surrounding forest fire – annual risk 3.50.10<sup>-13</sup>
- Release of radionuclides to the environment due to flooding or earthquake – annual risk 5.05.10-4

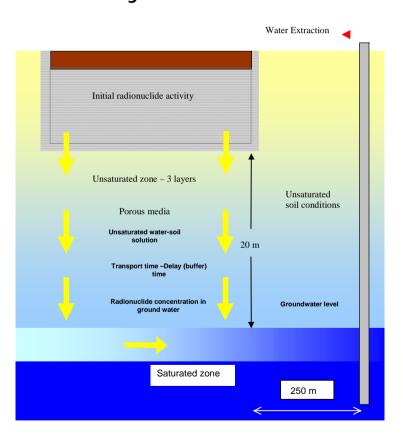
The new version of TSS is under development.

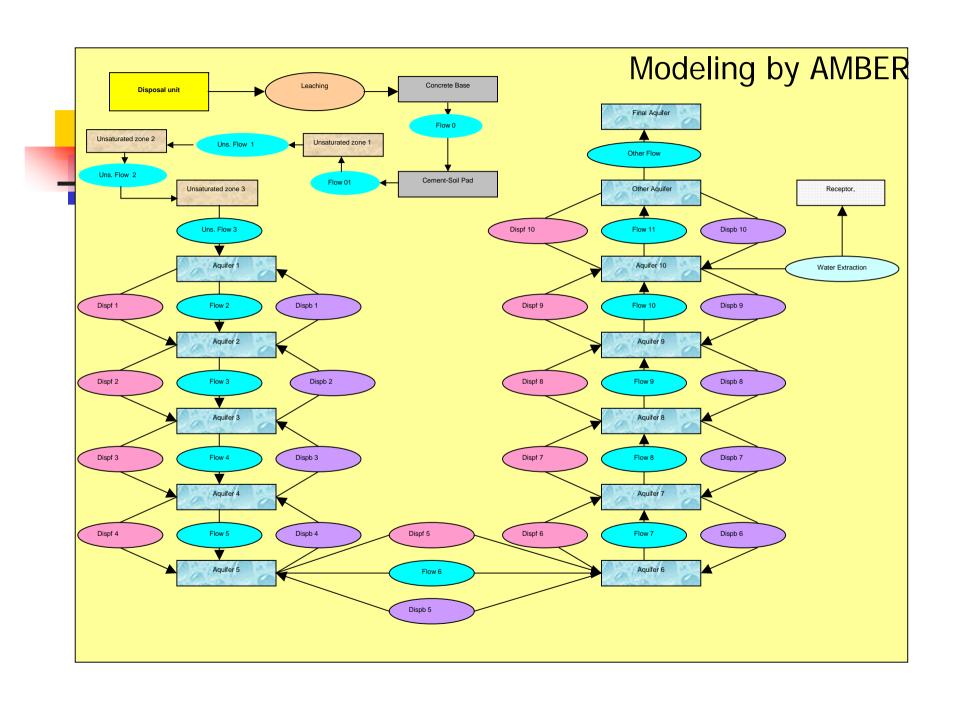


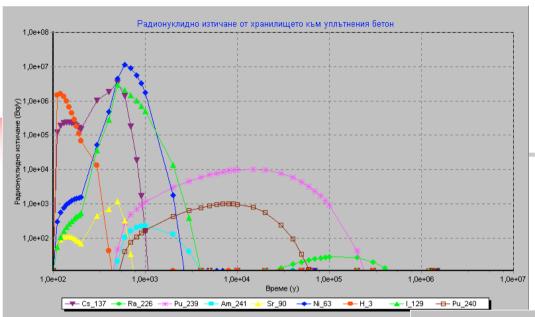


### **EXAMPLE1 - PSA**

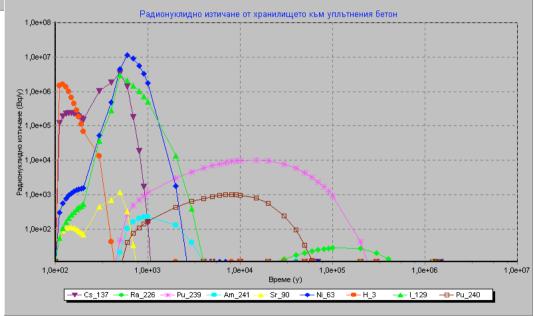
# Future Repository for LLRW from NPP Kozloduy-Site Selection

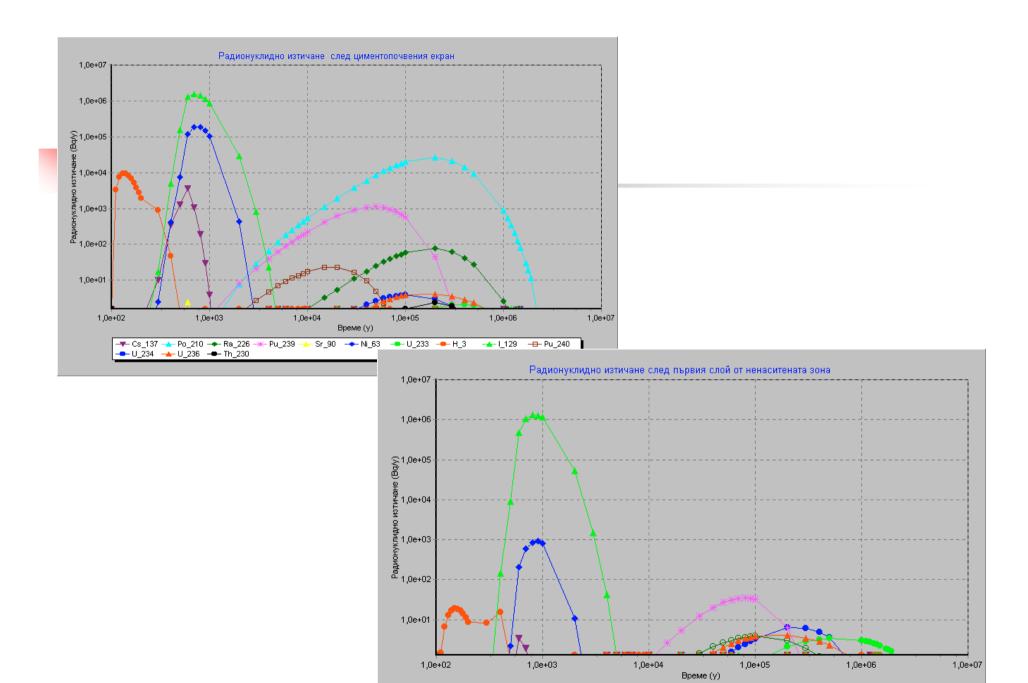




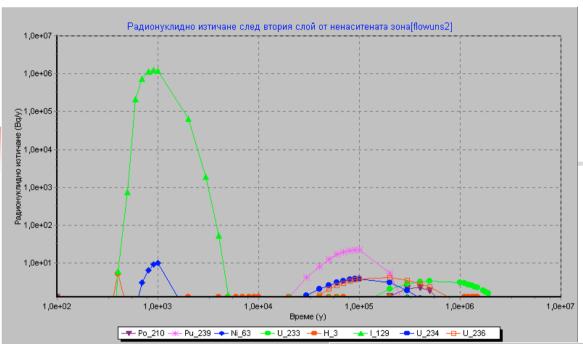


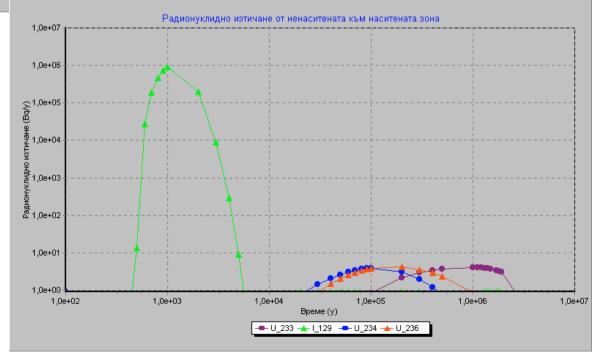
## Results from Example 1

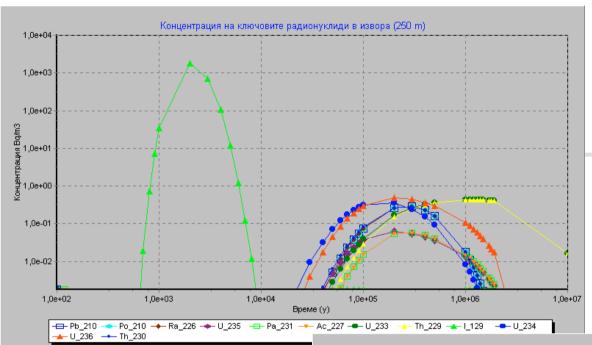


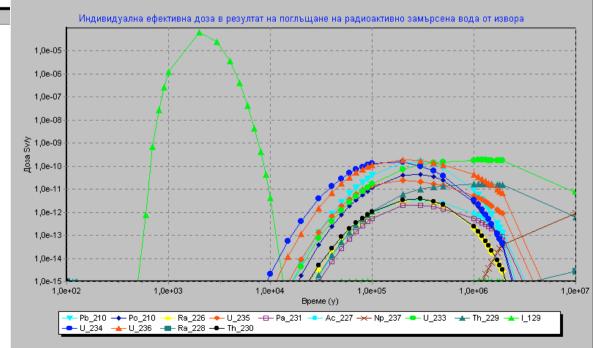


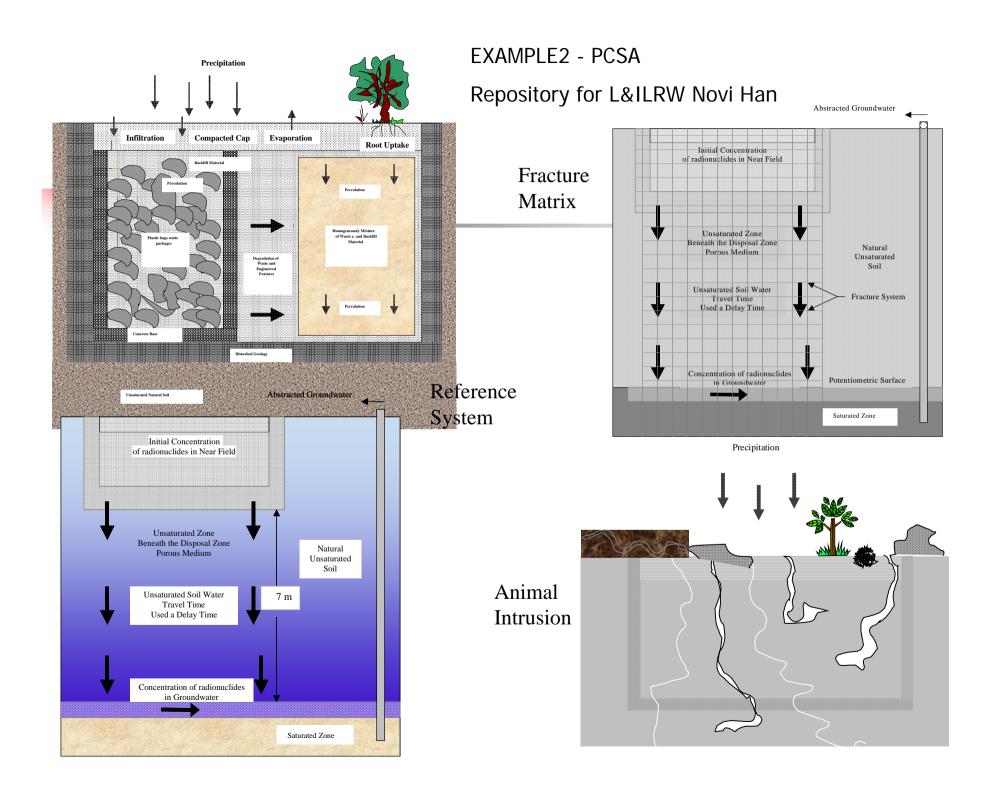
▼ Cs\_137 • Pb\_210 \* Pu\_239 • Ni\_63 • U\_233 • H\_3 • L\_129 • U\_234 • U\_236

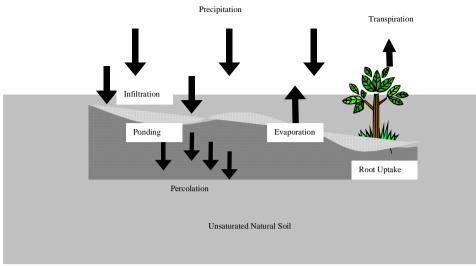






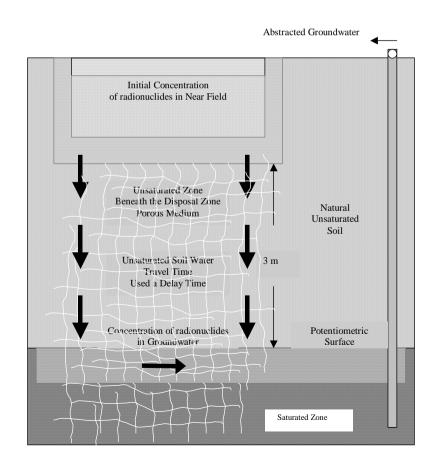


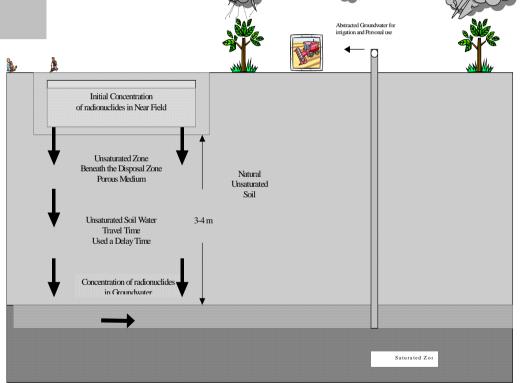




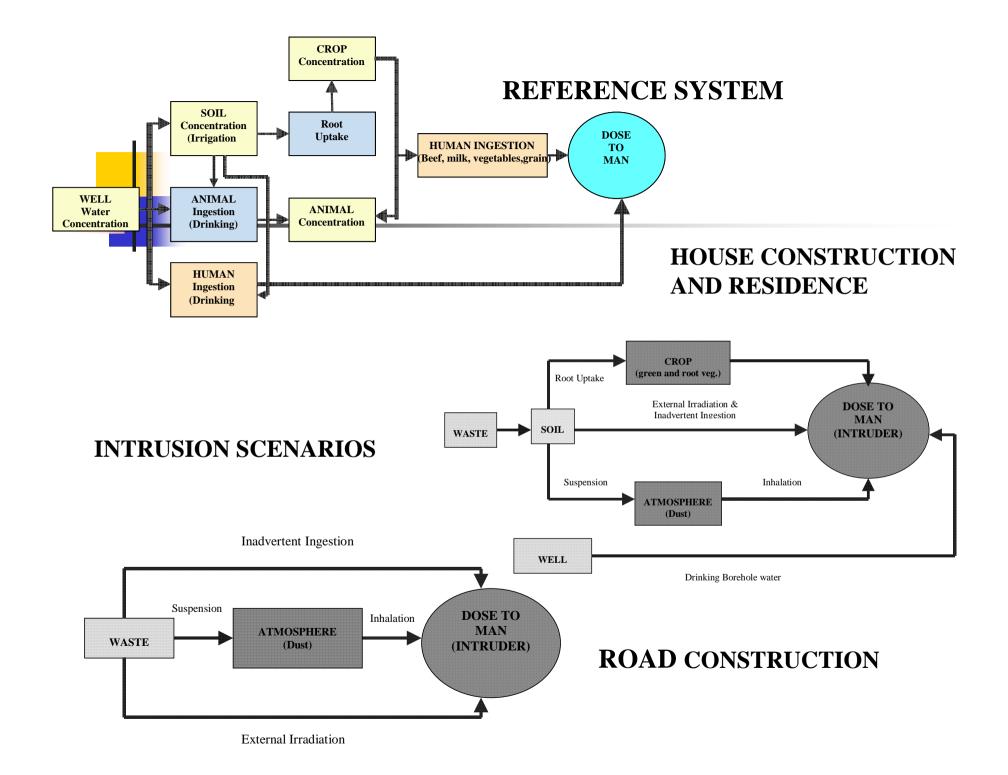
### Cap Subsidence

### Climate Change





Geological Change



# RESULTS FROM CALCULATIONS —TOTAL DOSES REFERENCE SYSTEM- WHOLE REPOSITORY

TOTAL DOSE – 3,70E-08 Sv/a
MAIN CONTRIBUTOR – DISPOSAL UNIT FOR SOLID
WASTE

KEY RADIONUCLIDE – <sup>14</sup>C MAIN PATHWAY – INGESTION THE TOTAL DOSE IS WELL BELOW THE RADIOLOGICAL CRITERIA – 3E-04Sv/a



- FRACTURE MATRIX 2,50E-07 Sv/a
- CAP SUBSIDENCE 5,67E-08Sv/a
- ANIMAL INTRUSION 5,56E-06Sv/a
- MAIN DISPOSAL UNIT SOLID WASTE
- MAIN PATHWAY INGESTION
- THE TOTAL DOSES ARE HIGHER THAN THE RESULTS FOR REFERENCE SYSTEM BUT IS WELL BELOW THE RADIOLOGICAL CRITERIA – 3E-04Sv/a

# RESULTS FROM CALCULATIONS –TOTAL DOSES – ALTERNATIVE EVOLUTION SCENARIOS - WHOLE REPOSITORY

- GEOLOGICAL CHANGE 1,87E-07 Sv/a
- CLIMATE CHANGE 1,24E-07Sv/a
- HUMAN INTRUSION KEY DISPOSAL UNIT SSS, KEY RADIONUCLIDES – <sup>137</sup>Cs, <sup>239</sup>Pu, <sup>226</sup>Ra
  - ROAD CONSTRUCTION 4,6E-03Sv/a
  - HOUSE BASE CONSTRUCTION 1,42E-02Sv/a
  - HOUSE CONSTRUCTION 2,59E-02Sv/a
- THE TOTAL DOSES OF INTRUSION SCENARIOS ARE BELOW THE RADIOLOGICAL CRITERIA FOR INTRUSION SCENARIOS - 10-100 mSv



# DISCUSSIONS, CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- > GENERAL
- > ABOUT CLASSIFICATION
- ABOUT POSSIBILITIES FOR APPLICATION OF DIFFERENT TYPES SA
- > ABOUT NEW REGULATION REQUIREMENTS
- CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS